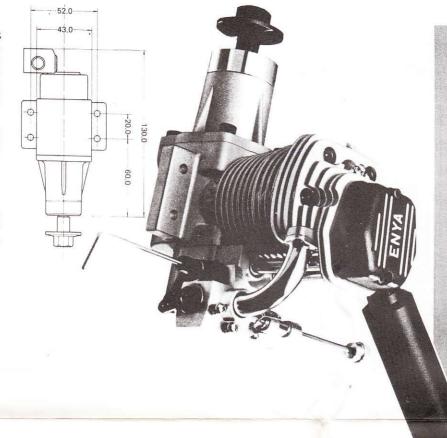
90-4C (Ring) stroke cycle engine

OPERATING

INSTRUCTION



ADISTINCTIVE FEATURES

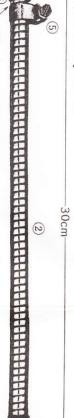
- Suitable for model R/C scale, sport and aerobatic planes
- High torque and power, nice speed controlling
- Sturdy and dependable construction
- 4. Easy handling

数TECHNICAL DATA

***Type**: 4 stroke cycle, glow plug ignition, with overhead valves driven by push rods and twin camshafts.

		ENYA 90-4C
Cylinder bore x stroke	mm	29.0 x 22.6
Cylinder displacement	CC	14.93
Weight	0rQ	795 (815 with muffler)
Max. power	HP	1.3/11,500 r.p.m.
Practical speed range	r.p.m.	7,000 ~ 11,500
Idling speed	r.p.m.	2,500 ~ 3,000
Critical speed	r.p.m.	12,500
Carburetor		ENYA G type 8.0mm with detatchable 7.0mm venturi
Cylinder liner and piston		steel liner, ringed Al. piston
Size of propeller	in.	16~14x6, 13~11.5x7~9
Glow plug		ENYA No. 3, No.4
Suitable weight of plane	kg	3.5 ~ 6.5

Soft noise, minimum power loss



(Seal here with silicone sealing material)



(Weight 140g)

於SPECIAL ATTENTION

- In general, model engine is very powerful and runs at very high speed. Never handle it carelessly. "Safety first" is most important in all respects when you run model engine.
- 2. Before you run your engine, take care of the following points.
- Tighten the engine mounting screws and propeller nut once again.
- Make sure that there are nobody near around (except your assistant)
- When you fly your plane, or run your boat, it is most important to confirm that your radio control equipment works well. If you find a defective point on it, stop to fly your plane, and repair it perfectly.

於FUEL

To obtain good results with ENYA 90-4C, it is recommended to use high quality fuel for glow plug engine which contains $5 \sim 15\%$ of nitromethane.

	Methyl-alcohol
5 ~ 15%	Nitro-methane
15 ~ 20%	Castor oil or high quality synthetic oil

黎GLOW PLUG

ENYA glow plug No. 3 and No. 4 is the best for 90-4C.

於PROPELLER

At first choose a well balanced 15 x 6 or 13 x 7 propeller of high quality for your 90-4C. You can get smooth running and good idling with the propellers made of glassfibre as they perform as an adequate fly-wheel. When you use a wooden propeller of rather light weight, it is recommended to use a spinner as fly-wheel. It is important to screw up the prop. nut tightly.

以FUEL TANK

The fuel consumption is about $20 \sim 25cc$ per minute. Then, about 360cc fuel tank is recommended for usual flight. To make the engine start easy, set the fuel tank at nearly same level as the carburetor.

*PREPARATIONS BEFORE STARTING

 Connect a piece of vinyl pipe of about 10 cm length on the breather-nipple, to lead the excess oil in the crank-case out of the fuselage.

- Attach the muffler tightly, and set the engine on the test stand or plane securely. Usually it is needless to pressurize the fuel tank.
- Set the glow plug and propeller tightly. Choose the best setting angle of propeller at the compression stroke to flip it with your finger.

STARTING AND RUNNING

- Fill the fuel tank with fuel, and open the throttle valve fully, and needle valve 6 ~ 7 turns. Then, close the choke valve and turn the propeller counter-clockwise 2 ~ 3 turns until a small amount of fuel is sucked into the cylinder. After priming, open the choke valve again. Another method of priming is to inject several drops of fuel into the muffler and turn the propeller clockwise 2 ~ 3 turns.
 After priming the engine flip the propeller 2 ~ 2 turns could be several.
- 2. After priming the engine, flip the propeller 2 ~ 3 turns and be sure that the priming is normal. When the priming quantity is too much, the compression becomes very high, and you cannot start the engine. In such case, turn the propeller counter-clockwise slowly until the excess fuel leaks out of the combustion chamber and the compression becomes normal.
- Connect the battery to glow plug and flip the propeller counter-clockwise smartly at the compression stroke. In case of 4 stroke cycle model engine, the clockwise flipping is also very effective for starting. It is recommended to try the both methods.

When the priming and other conditions are proper, the engine starts easily.

- 4. After your engine starts, open the throttle valve fully, and adjust the needle valve slowly to the best running position. But it is very important to run the engine always with a slightly rich mixture to get the best performance.
- 5. Close the throttle valve slowly and check the idling. The reasonable idling speed of 90-4C is 2,700 ~ 3,000 r.p.m.. Usually, 90-4C prefers rather rich mixture at idling. Control the idling mixture with the idling mixture adjusting screw. When you want richer mixture, close this screw 1/2 or 1 turn at one time, seeing the result carefully.
- Try hi-lo and lo-hi operation several times, and make sure that the engine has no tendency to stop.
- . In the medium speed range between full throttle and idling, the engine runs steadily with the slighly rich mixture fed by the G type carburetor.
- 8. You can start ENYA 90-4C most easily by an electric starter. But, do not use it when the engine is over primed.

(Continued to next page)

於 BREAK IN

unsmooth and unsteady. But as you continue the breaking in, the engine running will beits peak in power and smoothness come smoother and more powerful. Usually, it will take $1 \sim 2$ hours for the engine to reach Break in your 90-4C about 1/2 hour. During this period the engine running is sometimes

ADJUSTMENT OF THE VALVE CLEARANCES

become wider when the engine is hot because of the expansion of cylinder block.) hour of running with the special wrench and driver enclosed in the box. And it is also recold. It is recommended to make the first adjustment of valve clearances after first $1/2 \sim 1$ important that the adjustment is to be made when the engine is cold. (The valve clearances commended to check the clearances sometimes after every 2 ~ 3 hours of running. It is The normal valve clearances of ENYA 90-4C are $0.05 \sim 0.10$ mm when the engine is

MATTERS THAT DEMANDS SPECIAL ATTENTION

- The disassembling and assembling of ENYA 90-4C is not so difficult. But do it carefully.
- combine the notches of gear shafts and the marks When you assemble the timing gear box, put the piston at the top dead center, and then

of cam shafts as shown in the sketch The standard timing of valves are as follows

Exhaust valve open Inlet valve open close close 60° B.B.D.C. 60° A.B.D.C 20° A.T.D.C. 20° B.T.D.C.

The following figure shows the correct positions of timing gears when the piston is at the *rr

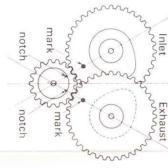
dead center

When you assemble the engine, proper lubrica-

tions on all the parts are recommended

数 CYLINDER HEAD GASKET AND VENTURI INSERT

nitro-methane is very effective and usually it is need $\times 8"$ etc.). In this case, the fuel containing $10 \sim 20\%$ ~ 11.500 with a smaller size propeller (13"×7", 12" in the throttle valve. You will be able to get about aluminum cylinder head gasket and the venturi insert or pattern plane, it is recommended to detatch the less to pressurize the fuel tank. 10% more power at the higher r.p.m. range of 10.000 In case you need higher power for your aerobatic



MAINTENANCE

- 1. Supply a small amount of oil sometimes around the valves and lockers
- Do not screw up the cylinder head of 90.4C too tightly to avoid the deformation of cylinder liner.
- It is usually needless to supply any oil to the inner mechanism, because the oil contained in fuel lubricates all of the inner parts.

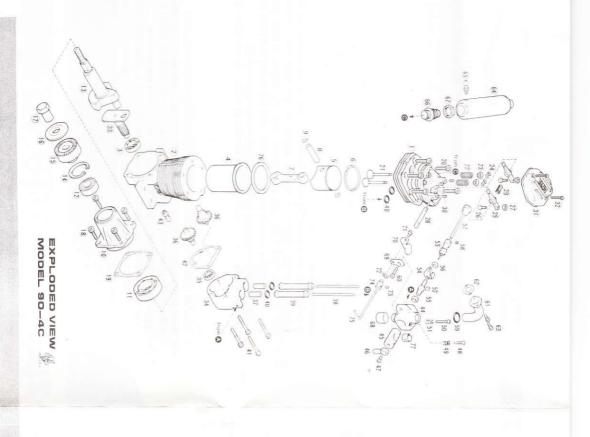
* PARTS LIST *

44			42 (39 F				35	34		w				200		26 \					21 1		19		-	-			12		10				6	5		0	wh		1	No. in drawing
Carburetor body	Carburetor assembly	Breathing nipple	Gasket of gear box	Gear box setting screw (3x25)	O ring for push rod tube (P-6)	Push rod tube	Push rod	Tapet	Inlet & exhaust cam shaft		xo	iming gear box (with ball bearing)		Cylinder head cover setting screw/(2.6x15)		Locker shaft setting hollow screw (3x5)	LOCKET SHALL	Valve locker screw locking nut	Valve locker screw	Valve locker arm	Valve cotter	Valve spring washer	Valve spring		Cylinder head setting screw (4x18)	Gasket of front housing		Propeller wasner	Drive washer	Ball bearing retaining C ring	Crank shaft	Ball bearing B	Ball bearing A	0 0 0 0	Front housing (with hall bearings)	Piston pin	onnecting rod	Piston ring	Piston	Cylinder liner	<	Ball bearing	Crank case (with pall pearing)		Name of part
_	1 set	_	-	4	4	. 2	2	2	2	_	_	1 set		2	_	2		1 2	2 12	2	4	2	2	2	5	_ -	- 4			-	_	-			1 set)	- -	-		-	. 1 set	_	1 300	1 50+	Qty.
904C40A	904C40	604C92	904C90	904C89	354C40M	604C68	904C87	604C86	904C84	904C82B	904C82A	904C82	904C81	904C66	904C65	904C63	110	904678	3540/6			904C73	904C72	904C71	904C15A	60X16	60X15C	904012	904C10	604C62	904C08	604C07C	904C07B	904C07A	904C07	60X61	904005	9040040	904C04B	904C04A	904C04	11CX03B	904C03A	904001	Part No.

46 44

Throttle lever Throttle valve

Throttle lever setting screw (3x12)



77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	68		67	66	65	64		63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52		51	50	49	48
Venturi insert (7.0mmø)	Gasket of cylinder head	Choke lever	Choke valve hinge pin	Choke lever setting screw (3x3)	Spring washer 4mm	Choke valve setting screw (2.6x6)	Choke valve	Choke valve stay	Lip seal	Choke valve assembly	Locking nut	Muffler adapter	Pressure nipple	Muffler body	Exhaust muffler unit	Inlet manifold setting screw (2.6x6)	Gasket of inlet manifold	Inlet manifold	Carburetor setting screw (3x12)	O ring (P-9)	Needle extension setting screw (3x3)	Needle extension	4mm nut	Spray bar locking nut	Needle stop spring	Needle	Spray bar	Needle valve assembly	Spring	Idling mixture adjusting screw (3x17)	Spring	Idling speed adjusting screw
	_		_			_	_	_	_	1 set	_	1			1 set	2	_		_	1	-	1			-	_	_	1 set	_	_	_	_
904C40L	904C99	904C97	604C96	604C63	60X30LA	11CX15A	604C95	604C94	904C93		904C46	904C45	093W03C	904C98	M904C	11CX15A	904C42	904C41	21CX15AC	904C40M	604C63	904C69	09230F5	29440F4	15220C	604C40F1	904C40F2	904C40F	60230K	604C40J	603301	19X40H

ENYA METAL PRODUCTS CO., LTD.

Photo. 1

Screw

Muffler body setting band

Joint to engine
Joint to muffler body
Flexible tube cramp

Special muffler assembly Special muffler body

OPTIONAL SPECIAL MUFFLER

Flexible tube unit

1 set 1 1 set

SM904C

904C47 904C48 904C48A 904C48B 904C48B 904C48C 904C48D 904C48D 1M19D1 TM19D2 TM19D3

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